# Math 105A Final Exam Practice Exercises Aaron Chen 

Summer 2017
** Don't forget about Midterm material, too! (Refer to our old materials).
Reminder: Make sure you are comfortable with the Homework and Quiz Problems first!! You must know Definitions, Theorems, and general algorithms, too.

1. Aside from HW 6: 7.1.12. (Check the three parts of the definition to be a norm.)
2. We mentioned it in discussion: 7.1.15, the strengthened version of Cauchy Schwarz.
3. 7.1.11. (A bit difficult)

If $T$ is a (symmetric) Positive Definite matrix, show that $\|\vec{x}\|_{T}=\sqrt{\vec{x} \cdot T \vec{x}}$ is a norm on $\mathbb{R}^{n}$.
Hints: Use that a symmetric positive definite matrix has $n$ real eigenvalues and an orthonormal basis of corresponding eigenvectors for everything.
For the Triangle Inequality: Square both sides. Apply Cauchy-Schwarz on terms that don't cancel.
4. 7.2.1,5,9. They're all related. It's more important to do the same parts (e.g. parts (a,b,d)). At least the 2 by 2 matrices because the computations are easier.
5. 7.2.15b with 7.2.16. Show that $\rho(A)=\|A\|_{2}$ when $A$ is Symmetric. Fact: A (real valued) symmetric matrix has only real eigenvalues.
(I also recommend the other parts of 7.2.15, too).
6. Aside from HW 7: Similar to 7.3.14, show that $\left\|T_{g}\right\|_{\infty}<1$ with the Gauss Seidel iterative. (Did in Discussion, so review it.)
7. Aside from HW 8: 7.4.7b - Find the optimal choice of $\omega$ for 7.4.1b.
8. Aside from HW 8: 9.2.13 is fundamental. 9.2.16, and 18 are interesting.
9. From HW 9 on Power Method: 9.3.18a,b,d.
10. Aside from HW 9:

On shifting the QR algorithm. We discussed the Wilkinson Shift - the idea is to use a shift based on the eigenvalue of the bottom-right 2 by 2 matrix that is closest to the ( $n, n$ ) entry.
(i) For a general $2 \times 2$ matrix $M=\left[\begin{array}{ll}a & b \\ c & d\end{array}\right]$, find its eigenvalues.
(ii) Write a Matlab code that computes these eigenvalues and picks out the one closest to $d$. Write this code by hand, and without using eig(M). You can use det(M) and trace (M) if you wish.

