

# COMPLEX ANALYSIS, HW # 2

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Section 9, problems 4, 6, 11, and these problems:

## Problem 1.

Give an example of an entire function  $f$  of order one with zeroes  $\{a_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  such that one has  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |a_n|^{-1} = \infty$ . Check that in your example  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |a_n|^{-1-\varepsilon} < \infty$  for any  $\varepsilon > 0$ .

## Problem 2.

Prove that the order  $\lambda(f)$  of an entire function  $f$  is given by

$$\lambda = \limsup_{r \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log(\log \|f\|_{\infty, B_r})}{\log r},$$

where  $\|f\|_{\infty, B_r} = \sup_{z \in B_r} |f(z)|$ .

## Problem 3.

Prove that for any increasing function  $g : [0, +\infty) \rightarrow [0, +\infty)$  there exists an entire function  $f$  such that  $|f(z)| > g(|z|)$  for all real values of  $z$ .

## Problem 4.

Prove that the order  $\lambda(f)$  of an entire function  $f(z) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_n z^n$  is given by

$$\lambda = \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n \log n}{-\log |a_n|}$$