Last Name:			
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## Math 2B Final Exam Sample # 2

First Name:	
Last Name:	
Student ID #:	
Section:	
certify that this exam was taken b ncluding books, notes, calculators	the person named and done without any form of assistance and other people.
	Your signature

(For instructor use only!)

Problem	Score	Problem	Score
1		8	
2		9	
3		10	
4		11	
5		12	
6		13	
7		TOTAL	

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- This exam consists of 13 questions. The point value is indicated in brackets beside each problem.
- Read the directions for each problem carefully and answer all parts.
- Please **show all work** needed to arrive at your solutions.
- Clearly indicate your final answer to each problem.
- 1.) Consider continuous functions f and f' (where f' denotes the derivative of function f) with values given by the following table: [8 pts]

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
f(x)	3	4	6	9	13	18
f'(x)	1	2	4	6	7	5

Use the information in the table above to find the following:

- a.) Find  $\int_0^4 f'(x)dx$
- b.) Estimate  $\int_{1}^{4} f(x)dx$  using a left-hand Reimann sum with 3 equal subintervals.
- c.) Evaluate the following derivative at the point x = 3.

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \int_{2}^{x} f(t) dt \right)$$

d.) Supposed f(x) is function which gives the height of a rocket, measured in yards, x minutes after its launch. What are the units of  $\int_0^4 f'(x)dx$  and what does this quantity represent?

Evaluate each of the following indefinite integrals:

[7 pts each]

$$2.) \int \frac{x}{1+x^4} dx$$

$$3.) \int \frac{x^2}{e^{2x}} dx$$

4.) 
$$\int \sin^3 4t \, dt$$

5.) Evaluate the following integral by making an appropriate trigonometric substitution

[7 pts]

6.) Determine whether the following integral is convergent or divergent. Evaluate the integral if it is convergent. [8 pts]

 $\int_0^\infty \frac{dz}{z^2 + 3z + 2}$ 

7.) Find the area of the region bounded by the curves  $y = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{x^2}{2}$  and y = |x|. [10 pts]

8.) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating about the *x*-axis the region bounded by the curves  $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$  and y = 2 - x. [10 pts]

9.) Determine whether each of the following sequences is convergent or divergent. Find the limit of the convergent sequences. [6 pts]

a) 
$$a_n = \frac{e^{2n}}{\sqrt{n}}$$

b) 
$$a_n = \frac{(-1)^n}{n!}$$

c) 
$$a_n = \tan^{-1} n$$

10.) Compute the arc length of the curve  $y = \ln(\cos x)$  over the interval  $\left[0, \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$ . [6 pts]

 $Hint: \int \sec(x) dx = \ln|\sec x + \tan x| + C.$ 

11.) Use the indicated test to determine whether each of the following series is convergent or divergent. [12 pts]

a.) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+4}}$$
 (integral test)

b.) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{100^n}{n!}$$
 (ratio test)

c.) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \sqrt{n}}{2n+5}$$
 (alternating series test)

d.) 
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{n^3 - 1}$$
 (comparison test)

12.) Find the sum of the each of the following convergent series.

a.) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^n}{5^{n+1}}$$

$$b.) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+3)}$$

13.) Find a power series representation for the function  $f(x) = \frac{2}{3-x}$  and determine the interval of convergence. [6 pts]