1. Let $A \subset \mathbb{R}$ be a closed set. Construct a function $f \in C^1(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R})$ such that

$$f(x) = 0 \iff x \in A.$$

2. Let $k \in \mathbb{N}$ and show that

$$f:(0,\infty)\to\mathbb{R},\ x\mapsto x^{1/k}$$

can be defined as the inverse of $g:(0,\infty)\to\mathbb{R}\,,\,x\mapsto x^k$ and compute f'.

- 3. Show that there exists a real real-valued continuously differentiable function which is invertible and for which the inverse is not Hölder continuous of any exponent.
- 4. Let $f \in C^2((a, b), \mathbb{R})$ and assume that $f''(x) \ge 0$, $x \in (a, b)$. Prove that

$$f(tx + (1-t)y) \le tf(x) + (1-t)f(y), \ t \in [0,1], \ x, y \in (a,b).$$

The Homework is due Wednesday December 4 2002