1. For $f \in B([a, b], \mathbb{R})$ define its oscillation on the partition $P \in \mathcal{P}([a, b])$ by

$$\operatorname{osc}(f, P) = S^+(f, P) - S^-(f, P).$$

Prove that $f \in \mathcal{R}([a, b])$ iff

 $\forall \, \varepsilon > 0 \, \exists \, \delta > 0 \, \, \text{s.t.} \ \ \text{osc}(f,P) \leq \varepsilon \ \text{whenever} \ \bigtriangleup(P) \leq \delta \, .$

2. Consider two series of positive terms $\sum x_n$ and $\sum y_n$ and assume that $\sum y_n < \infty$. Show that the condition

$$\exists N \in \mathbb{N} \text{ s.t. } \frac{x_{n+1}}{x_n} \leq \frac{y_{n+1}}{y_n} \, \forall n \geq N$$

implies $\sum x_n < \infty$.

3. Let $(x_n)_{n\in\mathbb{N}}$ be a decreasing sequence in $[0,\infty)$ and prove that

$$\sum x_n < \infty \Longleftrightarrow \sum 2^k x_{2^k} < \infty$$

4. Let (M, d) be a compact metric space and assume that a sequence $(A_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ of closed subsets of M be given with $A_{n+1} \subset A_n$ for $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Show that

$$\bigcap_{n\in\mathbb{N}}A_n\neq\emptyset.$$

5. Prove or disprove: The series $\sum \frac{(-1)^n}{nx}$ on (0, 1] converges pointwise or uniformly or absolutely.