

## Assignment 13

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1. Find the unique weak solutions of

$$\begin{cases} u_t + \frac{1}{2}|\nabla u|^2 = 0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^n \times (0, \infty), \\ u(0, \cdot) = \pm|\cdot| & \text{on } \mathbb{R}^n. \end{cases}$$

2. Consider the following *porous medium equation*:

$$u_t - \Delta(u^\gamma) = 0 \text{ in } \mathbb{R}^n \times (0, \infty).$$

(i) Show that there exists a solution of the form  $u(t, x) = v(t)w(x)$ .

(ii) Find a solution of the form  $u(t, x) = \frac{1}{t^\alpha}v\left(\frac{x}{t^\beta}\right)$ .

What are the main features of these solutions?

3. Find a transformation  $w = \Phi(u)$  which reduces the nonlinear equation

$$\begin{cases} u_t - a\Delta u + b|\nabla u|^2 = 0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^n \times (0, \infty), \\ u = g & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^n \times \{0\} \end{cases}$$

to a linear one and use the latter to find a solution of the former.

4. Use the solution to the previous problem to find a solution for the *viscous Burger's equation*

$$\begin{cases} u_t - au_{xx} + uu_x = 0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R} \times (0, \infty), \\ u = g & \text{in } \mathbb{R} \times \{0\}. \end{cases}$$

[Hint: Derive an equation for  $w(t, x) = \int_{-\infty}^x u(t, y) dy$ .]

5. Consider *Euler's equation*

$$\begin{cases} u_t - u \cdot Du = -\nabla p & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^3 \times (0, \infty), \\ \operatorname{div} u = 0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^3 \times (0, \infty), \\ u = g & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^3 \times \{0\}. \end{cases}$$

Assume that there exists  $v$  such that  $u = \nabla v$  and derive a simpler equation for  $v$ . Once  $v$  is obtained, how can  $p$  be derived?