## Math 206A: Algebra Midterm 2 Monday, November 23, 2020.

- You have **90 minutes** for this exam. Pace yourself, and do not spend too much time on any one problem.
- Show your work and justify all of your answers! The more you explain your thought process, the easier it will be to give partial credit for incomplete solutions.
- This is a closed-book exam. No notes or outside resources can be used. Do not use a calculator.
- You may use results that we proved in lecture without proving them here provided you clearly state the result you are using.

(There is an exception: If a question asks you to prove something that we proved in lecture, you should prove it, don't just state it.)

Problems	Problems	
<b>1</b> (5 Points)	<b>6</b> (10 Points)	
<b>2</b> (5 Points)	<b>7</b> (10 Points)	
<b>3</b> (10 Points)	<b>8</b> (10 Points)	
<b>4</b> (10 Points)	<b>9</b> (5 Points)	
<b>5</b> (10 Points)	<b>10</b> (10 Points)	
Total	Total	

## Problems

1. Suppose G is an abelian group, and  $H_1, H_2$  are subgroups. Either prove the following statement or find a counterexample.

If  $G/H_1 \cong G/H_2$ , then  $H_1 \cong H_2$ .

2. State whether the following statement is true or false. Give a 1-2 sentence explanation for your answer.

Every finite subgroup of  $\operatorname{GL}_n(\mathbb{Q})$  is abelian.

- 3. (a) Describe all abelian groups of order 64 up to isomorphism.
  (That is, give a list of abelian groups of order 64 such that every abelian group of order 64 is isomorphic to exactly one in your list.)
  - (b) Is  $\mathbb{Z}/30\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}/48\mathbb{Z}$  isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}/24\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}/60\mathbb{Z}$ ? Prove your answer is correct.
- 4. Let H, K be two subgroups of a finite group G such that H ∩ K = {1} and |H| · |K| = |G|. Does it follow that G ≃ H × K?
  Either prove this statement or give a counterexample.
- 5. Let  $\varphi \colon G \to H$  be a surjective homomorphism between finite groups. Prove that the image of a Sylow *p*-subgroup in *G* will be a Sylow *p*-subgroup in *H*.
- 6. A subgroup H of a group G is characteristic if for every  $\sigma \in \operatorname{Aut}(G)$ ,  $\sigma(H) = H$ . Prove that every subgroup of a cyclic group is characteristic.
- 7. Let G be a group and let [G, G] denote its commutator subgroup. Suppose that  $H \leq G$  satisfies  $[G, G] \leq H$ . Prove that H is a normal subgroup of G.
- 8. Suppose that G is a group of order  $351 = 3^3 \cdot 13$ . Prove that G is not simple.
- 9. Give an example of an infinite group G in which every element of G has finite order. No explanation is needed—you just need to give the example.
- 10. (a) Prove that  $Q_8$  is not isomorphic to a semidirect product of two groups of order smaller than 8.
  - (b) Is D<sub>8</sub> isomorphic to a semidirect product of two groups of order smaller than 8?
    If so, then give groups H, K and a homomorphism φ such that D<sub>8</sub> ≅ H ⋊<sub>φ</sub> K.
    If not, prove the D<sub>8</sub> is not isomorphic to a semidirect product of two groups of order smaller than 8.