

The point at ∞ & the extended complex plane: (29)

Define $\infty = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} z_n$ where $|z_n| \rightarrow \infty$.

Riemann sphere: $S^2 = \mathbb{C} \cup \{\infty\}$

Eg: $f: S^1 \rightarrow S^2$ $f(z) = \frac{1}{z-2}$ is bijective.

$$f^{-1}(z) = z + \frac{1}{z}$$

$$f(z) = \infty \quad f(\infty) = 0 \quad f^{-1}(\infty) = z$$

$$f^{-1}(0) = \infty$$

Stereographic Projection:

Can visualize S^2 as the unit sphere with center $(0,0,0)$.

Identify \mathbb{C} with the x - y -plane in \mathbb{R}^3 .

Identify ∞ with $(0,0,1)$; let $\vec{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

If $z = x+iy$, identify z with the point $(x,y,0)$; let $\vec{b} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
Then

(e) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ is the vector equation of the line joining these points.
 $\vec{b} - \vec{a}$

Stereographic Projection is the map that associates points $z = x+iy$ on the complex plane with points $P = (X, Y, Z)$ on the unit sphere (and it associates $(0,0,1)$ with ∞)