

2. Is the map $g : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ where $g(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$ injective? Is it surjective?

3. Let S be the set $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x \neq y\}$. Show the map $h : S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ defined by $h(x, y) = (x - y, x^2 - y^2)$ is injective but not surjective.