

# Homework 11

*Math 419, Winter 2013*

1. Does there exist a  $4 \times 4$  matrix without real eigenvalues? Give an example or prove it does not exist.

2. Let  $A$  be a  $2 \times 2$  matrix with  $\text{tr}(A) = 7$  and  $\det(A) = 12$ .

(a) Determine the eigenvalues of  $A$ .

(b) Is matrix  $A$  with these properties unique? Either prove it is unique or give an example of two different matrices as above.

3. Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ a & 1 & 0 \\ b & c & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

For what values of  $a, b, c$  does there exist a basis of eigenvectors of  $A$ ?

4. Suppose that there is a basis of eigenvectors of an  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$ . What is the relationship between geometric and algebraic multiplicities of  $A$ ?

5. Diagonalize the following matrices. If the matrix is diagonalizable, compute the diagonal matrix  $D$  and the matrix  $S^{-1}$  (or  $S$ , whichever you like) such that  $A = S^{-1}DS$ . If the matrix is not diagonalizable, explain why.

(a)  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

(b)  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 \\ -3 & -5 & -3 \\ 3 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(c)  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 3 \\ -4 & -6 & -3 \\ 3 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(d)  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & -3 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$

6. Determine whether the following statement is true or false. Justify. If an invertible matrix  $A$  can be diagonalized, then  $A^{-1}$  can be diagonalized, too.