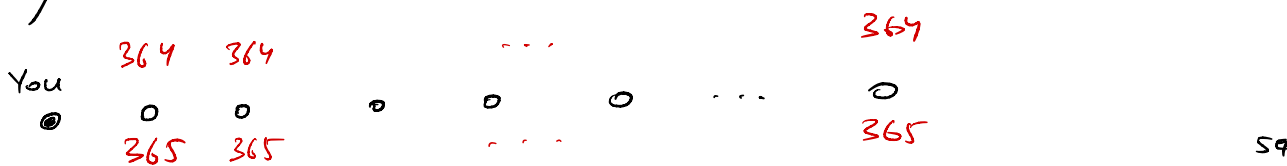


Birthday Problem What is the probability that one of your classmates has the same BD as you?
 ↑
 60 students

Solution: Opposite ("complementary") question:

Probability that no one has your BD?



• # ways to assign BD's to students = $\underbrace{365 \times 365 \times \dots \times 365}_{59 \text{ times}} = 365^{59}$

• # (ways to assign BD's so that no one has yours) = $\underbrace{364 \times 364 \times \dots \times 364}_{59 \text{ times}} = 364^{59}$

• All assignments are equally likely \Rightarrow

$P\{\text{no one has your BD}\} = \frac{364^{59}}{365^{59}} = \left(\frac{364}{365}\right)^{59} \quad (*)$

• $\Rightarrow P\{\text{someone has your BD}\} \approx 1 - \left(\frac{364}{365}\right)^{59} \approx 0.15, \quad 15\%$

Ex: If instead of 60 students there are 366 students,

$P\{\text{no one shares your BD}\} = \left(\frac{364}{365}\right)^{365} = \left(1 - \frac{1}{365}\right)^{365} \approx \frac{1}{e} = 0.36$

Q1: Why not

$P\{\text{someone shares your BD}\} = \underbrace{\frac{1}{365} + \frac{1}{365} + \dots + \frac{1}{365}}_{59 \text{ students}} = \frac{59}{365} = 0.16 ?$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{x}{n}\right)^n = e, \quad x = -1$

Not disjoint

Q2: why ratio in (*)? Later.