

Secretary problem, a.k.a. Best prize problem

- We are presented with n prizes, in sequence.
- Upon seeing a prize, we must accept it (and end the game) or reject it (and move to the next prize). No going back.
- The only info we have at \forall time is how the current prize compares to the prizes already seen.
- We want to pick the best prize. What shall we do?

E

- Strategy: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{reject the first } k \text{ prizes;} \\ \text{accept the first one that is better than those } k. \end{array} \right.$

Let's compute $P(E)$ and optimize k .

- Condition on the position of best prize:

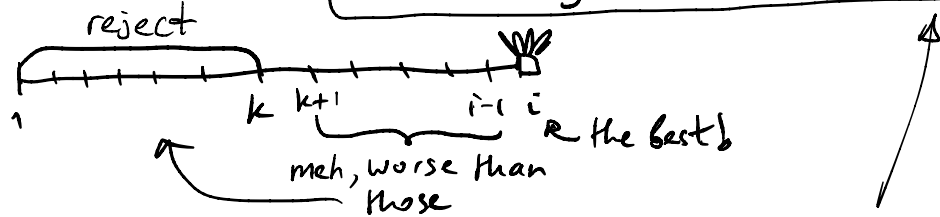
$B_i =$ "i-th prize is the best".

LTP \Rightarrow

$$P(E) = \sum_{i=1}^n \underbrace{P(E|B_i)}_{?} \underbrace{P(B_i)}_{\frac{1}{n} \text{ (all are equally likely)}}$$

- $\forall i \leq k$ $P(E|B_i) = 0$ (we reject the first k prizes)
- $\forall i > k$: assume B_i occurs, i.e. i -th prize is the best. We pick it iff all prizes $k+1, \dots, i-1$ are worse than the first k . (Otherwise we lose it)

Thus, E occurs iff the best among the $i-1$ prizes is among the first k .



-The latter happens with prob. $\frac{k}{i-1}$
 ($\forall i-1$ positions equally likely)

$$\Rightarrow P(E|B_i) = \frac{k}{i-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow P(E) = \sum_{i=k+1}^n \frac{k}{i-1} \cdot \frac{1}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=k}^{n-1} \frac{k}{i}$$

$$\approx \frac{k}{n} \int_k^{n-1} \frac{dx}{x} = \frac{k}{n} \ln\left(\frac{n-1}{k}\right) \approx \frac{k}{n} \ln \frac{n}{k} = -x \ln x$$

where $x = k/n$

Maximize \Rightarrow $x = 1/e, P(E) = 1/e$

Ans: reject the first $\frac{n}{e}$ prizes, pick the first one better than these.

Probability to pick the best is $\approx 1/e \approx 0.37$

Remark: Optimal stopping.

\approx regardless of n !!