

Properties of variance

1. If X is constant (i.e. $X(s) = c \quad \forall s \in S$) then $\boxed{\text{Var}(X) = 0}$.

$$\left[\text{Var}(X) = \mathbb{E}(X - \mu)^2 = 0 \text{ since } X = \mu = c \right]$$

1. In general, $\boxed{\text{Var}(X+Y) \neq \text{Var}(X) + \text{Var}(Y)}$

(e.g. for $Y = -X$)

2. If X is constant,

(translation invariance)

$$\boxed{\text{Var}(X+c) = \text{Var}(X)}$$

$$\left[\mathbb{E}(X+c) = \mathbb{E}X + c \Rightarrow \right]$$

$$\text{Var}(X+c) = \text{Var} \left[\left((X+c) - \mathbb{E}(X+c) \right)^2 \right] = \text{Var} \left[(X - \mathbb{E}X)^2 \right] = \text{Var}(X)$$

$$3. \quad \boxed{\text{Var}(aX) = a^2 \text{Var}(X)}$$

(homogeneity of order 2)

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\underbrace{(aX)^2}_{a^2 X^2} \right] - \left(\mathbb{E}[aX] \right)^2$$

$$= a^2 \mathbb{E}(X^2) - \left(a \mathbb{E}(X) \right)^2 \quad (\text{linearity})$$

$$= a^2 \left(\mathbb{E}(X^2) - \left(\mathbb{E}(X) \right)^2 \right) = a^2 \text{Var}(X)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\sigma(aX) = a \cdot \sigma(X)}$$

(homogeneity of order 1)

Ex (The matching problem II)

N exams are returned to N students at random.
What is the expected # of students who receive their own exam?

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^N X_i \quad \text{where} \quad X_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if student } i \text{ gets own exam} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

↑
probability = $1/N$
←
probability = $1 - 1/N$

$$\mathbb{E}[X_i] = 1 \cdot \frac{1}{N} + 0 \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{N}\right) = \frac{1}{N} \quad (*)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{E}[X] = \sum_{i=1}^N \mathbb{E}[X_i] = N \cdot \frac{1}{N} = \textcircled{1}$$

Ex Standard deviation of $X = ?$

$$\text{Var}(X) = \underbrace{\mathbb{E}[X^2]}_{\text{"?"}} - \underbrace{(\mathbb{E}[X])^2}_{\text{"1"}}$$

$$\mathbb{E}[X^2] = \mathbb{E}\left[\left(\sum_{i=1}^N X_i\right)^2\right] = \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^N \mathbb{E}[X_i^2]}_{N \text{ terms}} + \underbrace{\sum_{i \neq j} \mathbb{E}[X_i X_j]}_{N^2 - N \text{ terms}}$$

$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^N X_i\right) \left(\sum_{j=1}^N X_j\right) = \sum_{i,j=1}^N X_i X_j = \sum_{i=1}^N X_i^2 + \sum_{i \neq j} X_i X_j$$

$$\mathbb{E}[X_i^2] = \frac{1}{N} \quad \text{by } (*)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}[X_i X_j] &= 1 \cdot P\{X_i X_j = 1\} + 0 \cdot P\{X_i X_j = 0\} = P\{X_i = 1 \text{ and } X_j = 1\} \\ &= P\{\text{both students } i, j \text{ get own exams}\} = \frac{1}{N(N-1)} \end{aligned}$$

↑
ways to select 2 exams from N exams, order matters

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{E}[X^2] = N \cdot \frac{1}{N} + (N^2 - N) \cdot \frac{1}{N(N-1)} = 2.$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Var}(X) = 2 - 1 = 1. \quad \Rightarrow \sigma(X) = \sqrt{1} = \textcircled{1}$$