

## Math2E - Practice Final

June 5, 2009

1. Evaluate  $\int_C xydx + ydy$ ,  $C$  is the sine curve  $y = \sin x, 0 \leq x \leq \pi/2$ .  
Answer:  $\frac{3}{2}$ . Hint:  $\int x \sin x dx = -x \cos x + \int \cos x dx$

2.  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = e^y \mathbf{i} + (xe^y + e^z) \mathbf{j} + ye^z \mathbf{k}$ ,

(a): Show that  $\mathbf{F}$  is conservative,

(b): Evaluate  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ , where  $C$  is the line segment from  $(0, 2, 0)$  to  $(4, 0, 3)$ .

Answer: (a)  $\mathbf{F}$  is conservative, (b) 2.

3. Evaluate  $\int_C x^2 y dx + \ln \sqrt{1+y^2} dy$ , where  $C$  is the triangle from  $(0,0)$  to  $(2,2)$  to  $(0,2)$  to  $(0,0)$  with counterclockwise orientation.  
Answer:  $-\frac{4}{3}$ .

4. Evaluate  $\int \int_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = x^2\mathbf{i} + xy\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}$  and  $S$  is the part of the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$  below the plane  $z = 1$  with upward orientation.  
Answer:  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ .

5. Evaluate  $\iint_{\partial Q} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$ , where  $\mathbf{F} = \langle x^2 - y^2z, x \sin z, 4y^2 \rangle$ ,  $Q$  is bounded by  $4x + 2y - z = 4$  ( $z \leq 0$ ) and the coordinate planes.  
Answer:  $-\frac{2}{3}$ .

6. Evaluate  $\iint_S \text{curl} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = x^2 y z \mathbf{i} + y z^2 \mathbf{j} + z^3 e^{xy} \mathbf{k}$ ,  $S$  is the part of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 5$  that lies above the plane  $z = 1$ , and  $S$  is oriented upward.

Answer:  $-4\pi$ .

7. Evaluate  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = xy\mathbf{i} + yz\mathbf{j} + zx\mathbf{k}$  and  $C$  is the triangle with vertices  $(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $(0, 1, 0)$ , and  $(0, 0, 1)$ , oriented counterclockwise as viewed above.  
Answer:  $-\frac{1}{2}$ .

8. Evaluate  $\int \int_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = x^3 \mathbf{i} + y^3 \mathbf{j} + z^3 \mathbf{k}$  and  $S$  is the surface of the solid bounded by the cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  and the planes  $z = 0$  and  $z = 2$ .  
Answer:  $11\pi$ .